

MSLC – Math 1148
Exam 3 Review

Disclaimer: This should NOT be used as your only guide for what to study.

1. Solve without using logarithms:

a. $16^x = 2$

b. $5^{w+5} = 625$

c. $11^{3y-5} = 14,641$

2. Expand the following logarithms as much as possible. *Don't leave exponents if they can be moved.*

a. $\ln(2xe^x)$

b. $\log\left[\frac{x^2\sqrt{x^2+1}}{(x+3)^4}\right]$

c. $\ln(x\sqrt{x^2-1})$

d. $\log\left(\frac{x^3+2x^2+x}{x^2-3x-4}\right)$

3. Combine the expression into a single logarithm.

a. $2\log y + \log(y+1) - 5\log(y+4)$

b. $\ln(x-1) - 2[\ln(x+5) + \ln x]$

c. $\ln(a+b) - 3\ln c + \ln(a+b) - \ln(a-b)$

d. $2(\log_5 x + 2\log_5 y - 3\log_5 z)$

4. A deposit of \$2000 is placed into an account for five years. Find out the amount (*rounded to the nearest cent*) in the account if the interest rate is 6% compounded:

a. semi-annually

b. quarterly

c. monthly

d. daily

e. continuously

5. Find the inverse of each function, state the domain and range of both the original function and its inverse.

a. $f(x) = 2x - 1$

b. $g(x) = x^3 + 1$

c. $k(x) = \frac{1}{x-3}$

d. $h(x) = \frac{x}{5-2x}$

6. The rabbit population on an isolated island doubles every year, with a starting population of 160 rabbits.

a. Find a function that will model the number of rabbits on the island after t years.

b. Use our answer from part a) to estimate the rabbit population after 11 years.

7. A savings account yields 8% interest compounded monthly.

a. If \$3500 is invested into this account, how much will be in the account after 12 years?

b. How much should be invested now in order to have \$10,000 in 20 years?

8. A certain radioactive isotope decays according to the function $m(t) = 12e^{-0.015t}$ where m is the mass of the isotope remaining measured in kilograms after t days.

a. How much of the isotope is present initially?

b. How much of the isotope remains after 45 days? *Round to 2 decimal places.*

ANSWERS

1. a. $x = \frac{1}{4}$ b. $w = -1$ c. $y = 3$

2. a. $\ln 2 + \ln x + x$ b. $2 \log x + \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 + 1) - 4 \log(x + 3)$

c. $\ln x + \frac{1}{2} \ln(x+1) + \frac{1}{2} \ln(x-1)$ d. $\log x + \log(x+1) - \log(x-4)$

3. a. $\log \left[\frac{y^2(y+1)}{(y+4)^5} \right]$ b. $\ln \left[\frac{x-1}{(x^2+5x)^2} \right]$ c. $\ln \left[\frac{(a+b)^2}{c^3(a-b)} \right]$ d. $\log_5 \left(\frac{x^2 y^4}{z^6} \right)$

4. a. \$2687.83 b. \$2693.71 c. \$2697.70 d. \$2699.65 e. \$2699.72

5. a. $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+1}{2}$ Domain $f(x) = (-\infty, \infty)$; Range $f(x) = (-\infty, \infty)$
Domain $f^{-1}(x) = (-\infty, \infty)$; Range $f^{-1}(x) = (-\infty, \infty)$

b. $g^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-1}$ Domain $g(x) = (-\infty, \infty)$; Range $g(x) = (-\infty, \infty)$
Domain $g^{-1}(x) = (-\infty, \infty)$; Range $g^{-1}(x) = (-\infty, \infty)$

c. $k^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{x} + 3$ OR $k^{-1}(x) = \frac{1+3x}{x}$

Domain $k(x) = (-\infty, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$; Range $k(x) = (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$

Domain $k^{-1}(x) = (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$; Range $k^{-1}(x) = (-\infty, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$

d. $h^{-1}(x) = \frac{5x}{1+2x}$ Domain $h(x) = \left(-\infty, \frac{5}{2}\right) \cup \left(\frac{5}{2}, \infty\right)$; Range $h(x) = \left(-\infty, -\frac{1}{2}\right) \cup \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \infty\right)$

Domain $h^{-1}(x) = \left(-\infty, -\frac{1}{2}\right) \cup \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \infty\right)$; Range $h^{-1}(x) = \left(-\infty, \frac{5}{2}\right) \cup \left(\frac{5}{2}, \infty\right)$

6. a. $R(t) = 160(2)^t$; b. 327,680 rabbits

7. a. \$9111.86; b. \$2029.71

8. a) 12 kg; b. 6.11 kg